1. Calculate:
$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}}{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}} - \frac{1}{13} =$$

2. Plot vectors
$$\vec{g}=(2,5)$$
 , $\vec{m}=(-1,3)$, and $\vec{x}=(1,-4)$

Find and plot vectors ...

$$\vec{g} + \vec{m} = ($$
 , $)$

$$\dots \quad \vec{x} + \vec{g} = (\quad , \quad)$$

$$\dots \quad \vec{x} + \vec{m} = (,)$$

$$\dots \quad \vec{m} + \vec{m} = (,)$$

Properties of vectors:

I. To multiply a vector my a number each coordinate of the vector has to be multiplied by this number:

$$\beta \times \vec{a}(x, y) = (\beta \cdot x, \beta \cdot y)$$

II. Subtracting a vector is the same as adding an opposite vector:

$$\vec{m} - \vec{n} = \vec{m} + (\vec{-n})$$

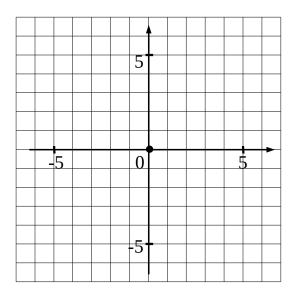
3. Consider vectors $\vec{g}=(2,3)$, $\vec{m}=(-2,3)$, and $\vec{x}=(1,-2)$

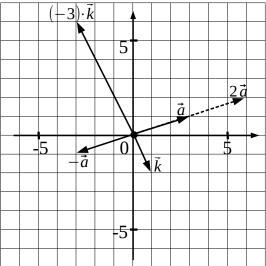
Calculate and plot vectors:

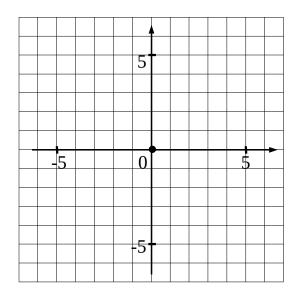
$$2\vec{g} = (,)$$

$$-\vec{m} = ($$
 , $)$

$$2 \cdot \vec{x} = ($$
 , $)$







4. Calculate the following vectors:

$$\vec{a} = (3,1)$$
 , $\vec{b} = (3,-1)$,

$$\vec{g} = (0,3)$$
 , $\vec{e} = (-1,0)$.

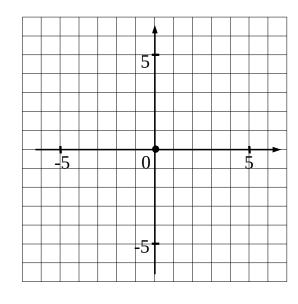
$$\vec{a} + \vec{b} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$\vec{a} - \vec{b} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$\vec{a} + \vec{e} =$$

$$\vec{a} - \vec{e} =$$

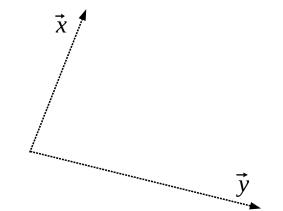
$$\vec{q} + \vec{a} =$$



$$\vec{a} + \vec{a} = \underline{}$$

$$\vec{g} + 2 \cdot \vec{a} =$$

5. Plot vector $\vec{x} - \vec{y}$, and $2 \cdot \vec{x} + \vec{y}$ using the rule of parallelogram with the help of a compass and a straight edge.



6. Solve the equation:

$$|3x-1| + 2x = 4$$