## THE HYDROSPHERE



# Water, the most exciting substance on Earth 

- Water is the only substance that naturally exists as solid and liquid and gas.

- Water is necessary for any known form of life.
- The Earth's liquid water constitutes the hydrosphere.


## Water on Earth

- Total amount of water on Earth is ~1,386,000,000 cubic kilometers ( $\mathrm{km}^{3}$ ) or about 366,000,000 trillion gallons (which is NOT a lot...think apple skin ()).

- Water is a Heat Storage: specific heat of water is 5-fold higher than that of stone or sand; sunlight penetrates deep into the water but only the surface of stone, clay, or sand.
- Water is constantly moving on, above and below the surface of the Earth through the hydrologic (water) cycle which involves water transport and phase changes by the following physical processes: evaporation, transpiration, condensation, precipitation, surface runoff, and infiltration.


## The Hydrologic (Water) Cycle



The water cycle is driven by the Sun and involves the exchange of energy in the form of heat.

## Distribution of Water on Earth

- 97\% of water on Earth is salt water: oceans and seas.



## Where is my Water? Freshwater Distribution on Earth



## Lakes - enclosed bodies of water of considerable size contained on a body of land.

The largest enclosed inland body of water on Earth by area is the Caspian Sea (surface area of $371,000 \mathrm{~km}^{2} / 143,200$ square miles and a volume of $\mathbf{7 8 , 2 0 0} \mathrm{km}^{3} / 18,800$ cubic miles). Is it a lake or a sea?..

$>$ The Caspian Sea was once a part of the Thetis Ocean.
$>$ It became landlocked ~5.5 million years ago.
> The Caspian Sea has low average salt content (about a third of that of most seawater).
> Its shallow northern part is almost completely freshwater due to the current inflow of Volga and Ural rivers.

## Greatest Lakes


\#1 in size: Lake Superior, Canada/USA, One of the Great Lakes area: $82,414 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ ( $31,820 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{mi}$ ) depth: $406 \mathrm{~m}(1,332 \mathrm{feet})$ volume: $\mathbf{1 2 , 1 0 0} \mathrm{km}^{\mathbf{3}}$ (2,900 cu mi)

\#1 in depth/fresh water volume: Baikal, Russia area: $31500 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$ ( $\mathbf{1 2 2 0 0} \mathbf{~ s q ~ m i ) ~}$ depth: 1,637 m (5,371 feet) volume: $\mathbf{2 3 , 6 0 0} \mathrm{km}^{3}$ (5,700 cu mi)

## Subglacial Lakes of Antarctica

Antarctica is home to $\mathbf{3 8 7}$ subglacial freshwater lakes.
(not to scale)


## Lake Ellsworth

2012: an attempt to drill into Lake Ellsworth using hot-water drilling technique faced technical difficulties; project called off.

1998-2015: research drilling into Lake Vostok by Russian team; in 2012 the longest ever ice core of $3,768 \mathrm{~m}$ was obtained and lake surface reached; samples of lake water were taken in 2013 (found contaminated) and 2015.

